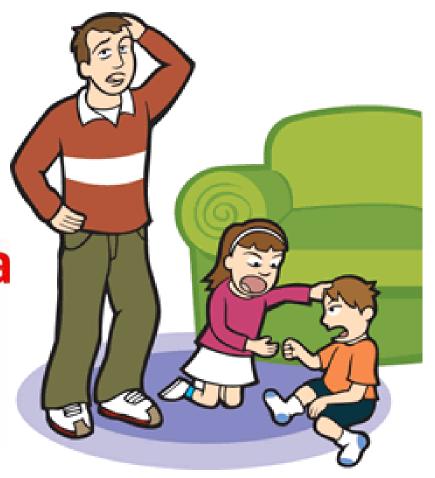
Parenting
in the
New Millennium

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Before I got married I had six theories about bringing up children

Now I have six children, and no theories.

-John Wilmot

Parenting: Yesterday

Background

- Protected environment (More for girls)
- Subserveant to elders
- No coeducation (taboo)
- Economic Consideration

Parenting: Yesterday

- Male child:
 - Modest education
 - Career/ family profession
 - Bread winner
 - Help family; take up family responsibilities

Parenting: Yesterday

- Female child:
 - Minimal education
 - Submissive tolerant & complaint
 - Proficient in domestic chores (cooking, house keeping, tailoring knitting, embroidery) because they had to take up the homemaker's role
 - Protected & Restricted Environment
 - Introversion was promoted

Parenting: Today

Background

- Gender differences have decreased
- Education & career is the top priority
 - Better quality of life & to offset problem of dowry (girls)
- Luxurious life style
- Importance of time
- Co-education
- Greater freedom

Parenting: Today

Stresses

- Education
 - Difficult to get admission
 - Very Expensive
 - 2 schools
 - Increasing syllabus, heavy bag
 - Increasing distance
 - No drinking water, toilet
 - Poor education
 - Stiff Competition
 - 1. Repeated Failures
 - 2. Corruption
 - 3. Parents working; No one to guide
- Job
 - Few jobs, CORRUPTION
- Forging new identity
- Interacting with opposite sex

Parenting: Today

Stresses

- Distractions
 - Mobile, smart phone, TV, internet, pornography
- Mixed messages
- Addictions
- No recreation
- Exercise

Consequences

- Stress: High levels
- Subsyndromal manifestations
- Psychiatric morbidity: Suicide (3.4% biolpgical causeas) Social Causes
- South Africa: Effect of TV: Before 1975 vs After 1975
 - Suicide, homicide, sexual assaults
- In US if TV was not introduced
 - 1000 rapes
 - 7000 suicides
 - 70000 homicides could be prevented



Parents' nightmare!!

Basic Needs

- Food & Feeding
- Housing
- Clothes & Clothing

Routine

- 1. Basic Activities
- 2. Studying
- 3. Physical exerccise
- 4. Recreation
- 5. Talent development
- 6. Social networking
- 7. Prayer

Week days & holidays

➤ Special occasions

1. Education

- 1. Stimulating Environment
- 2. Promotes development

1. Communication

Support

- 1. Emotional
- 2. Instrumental
 - 1. Problem solving

Equitable distribution amongst siblings (same & different genders

- 1. Behavioral Management
- 2. Discipline
- 3. Punishment
- 4. Reward
- 5. Withdrawal of reward
- 6. Time out

Problems of behavior and conduct

- Parents should be firm and consistent
- Operant conditioning principles
 - reward for good behavior
 - punishment/withdrawal of reward for bad behavior
- Entire family must participate

Problem Solving

- 1. Cease fire
- 2. Inquiry
- 3. Jugdement
- 4. Appropriate action

- 1. Redressal
- 2. 3-4 tier system

- 1. Rules
- For goodies
- 3. For Pocket money
- 4. Veg v. Non-veg food
- 5. Drugs
- 6. Fast vs. conventional food
- 7. For freedom:
- 8. Going out
- 9. Borrowing

- 1. Dress
- 2. Behaviour towards elder/ youngers
- 3. For hitting, shouting abusing
- 4. With opposite sex

- 1. Gender Sensitivity
- Boundaries of Man woman relationships
- 1. Sex education

Social skills

- 1. Communication
- 2. Assertion
- 3. Problem solving
- 4. Protection from victimisation
- 5. Including sexual exploitation

- 1. Protection
- 2. From unsafe housing
- 3. Outside sources
- 4. Sexual molestation
- 5. At home & outside

Rules

- For goodies
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- 10. For hitting, shouting abusing

Treatment of Medical Illness
Prevention of Illness
Physical Illness
Mental Illness

Promoting Independence Commensurate with developmental level

Managing Finances

Moral & religious training

- Career Choice
- Job Choice

Selecting partner

Confidant

- Talent promotion
- Sports / outdoor & indoor

Attention to individual differences

Temperament

Parenting is an interactive situation

Children are born with a preferred way of responding Temperament.

 Children in the same family often have different temperaments, which parents can usually recognize



Three broad styles of temperament in children

Easy

Calm & happy

- Regular in sleeping and eating habits
- Interested in new experiences

Difficult

- often fussy
- Irregular in feeding and sleeping habits
- Fearful of new people and situations

Slow to warm up

- Relatively inactive
- Tend to withdraw
- Gradually become more positive with experience.

- Temperament is consistent
- Parents need to be sensitive to their child's temperamental style
- For example, when faced with a new situation, a parent of a slow to warm up child may need to be patient and allow him more time to assess a situation.

"Goodness of fit"

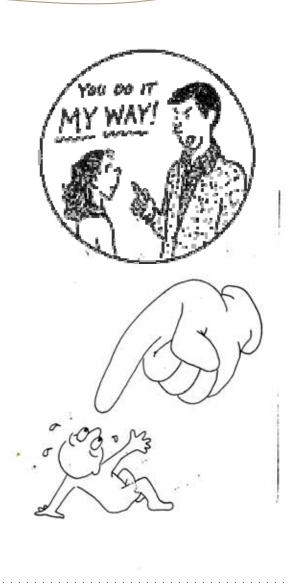


It's the mix or the "goodness of fit" between parent and child that matters most

Authoritarian ("Too Hard")

- High Demandingness
- Low responsiveness
- Rigid & harsh

Abusive parents usually fall in this category.



Permissive ("Too Soft")

- Low demandingness
- High responsiveness
- Seldom enforces consistent rules

The "spoilt" child often has permissive parents.



Authoritative ("Just Right")

- Moderate demandingness
- Moderate responsiveness.
- Firm but not rigid
- Willing to make an exception



Carry home message

- Parenting depends on the "goodness of fit" between the temperament of the child and that of parent
- No Perfect parent
- There is always scope of improvement

• Thank you